

REPUBLICAN NATIONAL TICKET.

For President,
RUTHERFORD B. HAYES,
of Ohio.
For Vice President,
WILLIAM A. WHEELER,
of New York.

VOTE no ticket headed Republican ticket with Vance or any other name printed on it. If you do it is a vote lost. Any ticket headed Republican ticket can only be voted legally with a Democratic name on it by erasing the Republican name and writing the Democratic candidate's name immediately below. Remember this and watch for Republicans will endeavor to palm such tickets off on you in order that they may be lost where they find you are going to vote for Vance. Look out for all manner of tricks.—Bulletin.

This is nice talk, and one would conclude from reading it, that "all manner of tricks" were not in the democratic programme. But let us see. By some means they procured a copy of the Republican ticket, and immediately went to work and printed thousands of them. The next step was to erase the name of NEAL by faint pencil marks, and insert in like faint pencil letters the name of VANCE. Without good eyes the cheat could not be detected. These tickets appeared at the polls in large numbers, and always in the hands of democrats. A voter appeared; he was offered a democratic ticket; he wanted a Republican ticket; the democrat was prepared; he was clever, you understand; he gave the voter one of these bogus Republican tickets; the voter saw it was headed, "Republican Ticket," and the faint lines by which NEAL's name was erased, and VANCE's substituted, not being discovered, he voted the bogus ticket, supposing he was voting the clean Republican ticket. This occurred in every township in the county, and many of them were voted before the cheat was discovered. It was a fraud of the meanest character, and was in reality a violation of the spirit of the law providing against the printing of fraudulent tickets. That law is based upon the theory that only the regular tickets shall be brought to the polls, and presented to the voter, he to make the changes on the ticket in the choice of candidates as his preference may dictate. To bring to the polls tickets prepared beforehand, with the printed name erased and another written therein, is just as much a violation of the true intent and meaning of the law as though the name was printed.

For the Republicans, we can say that none but the regular Republican ticket was printed, and that in that shape they were sent to the polls, leaving to the voter the privilege to erase and fill up as the law contemplates he shall.

The history of this ticket transaction shows the utter inconsistency existing between Democratic professions and Democratic practices. While the one is good, the other is wholly bad. "Reform" in the mouths of such persons has no true meaning.

A desperate and reckless spirit of intolerance and intimidation is running through the South—a spirit, says the Cincinnati Commercial, that would be intensified tenfold by the election of Tilden and Hendricks. As a specimen of this spirit, the Commercial publishes the following letter from Mississippi, and up to an agent of a Cincinnati house, written last week, the genuineness of which the Commercial vouches for:

"I presume I will have to quit traveling in the South, as I was about to be assassinated Friday night last at by the Democratic chivalry. I have been given to understand that almost the entire population of the whole place was concerned in it, and that my sin was a political one, to wit: that I was a Republican, and up to I have never talked politics, for I have never talked politics for Tilden and Hendricks. So you can see that I know not when nor where I may be safe in this country. I am liable to come home at any time, for when such designs are had upon my life by all the citizens of a town or village. Though an humble citizen, with purposes of justice and mercy only, I shall bow my head with shame for my whole country as memory carries me back to the scenes and dangers of last Friday. I was four and a half years in the Federal army, but passed through nothing like last Friday. Truly yours."

If you want peace and freedom in this country, it is to be had only by the election of Hayes and Wheeler. Every vote cast for Tilden, is a vote to make the South inhospitable to Republicans—a vote favoring the policy of the shotgun and the derringer in controlling elections.

Seven thousand votes were cast for the Independent ticket in Indiana. West Virginia elects the Democratic State ticket, but there are some bright and sunny spots nevertheless. Clifton gives Goff, Republican, 71 majority; West Columbia 17 majority; Hartford City, 44; and Point Pleasant 23. Mason county gives Goff a small majority.

The Presidential Outlook.

The electoral vote of the "Solid South," which is conceded to Tilden, is as follows:

Delaware	3
Maryland	8
Virginia	11
West Virginia	5
North Carolina	10
Georgia	11
Florida	4
Alabama	10
Mississippi	8
Louisiana	8
Kentucky	12
Tennessee	12
Arkansas	7
Texas	8
South Carolina	7

Here we have 138 votes, or 47 less than the number required to elect. The following States are sure for Hayes:

Illinois	21
Iowa	11
Kansas	5
Maine	7
Massachusetts	13
Michigan	11
Minnesota	5
Nebraska	3
Colorado	3
Nevada	3
New Hampshire	5
Ohio	22
Pennsylvania	29
Rhode Island	4
Vermont	4
Wisconsin	10

This list shows 157 votes, 28 less than the number required to elect. The remaining States may be called doubtful. They are as follows:

California	6
Indiana	15
New Jersey	9
New York	35
Oregon	3
Connecticut	6

It is believed that Hayes will carry enough of these, and his chances are the best for carrying all of them except Oregon, to elect him. New York, Connecticut and New Jersey will now become the battle-field.

Those who count upon Indiana as certain for Tilden because it has elected a Democratic Governor, would do well to study the past. In 1872, the State elected Hendricks Governor by over 1300 majority; in November Gen. Grant carried the State by near 21,000 majority. We believe the same thing will occur this year; we believe Gen. Hayes will carry the State by not less than 10,000. Voting for Governor and voting to put the "Solid South" into power, are two very different things. There is no payment of rebel claims in the election of a Governor.

The boilers at Zug & Co's Mill, Pittsburg, exploded on Thursday, killing and wounding a large number of persons. The building was literally torn to pieces.

The Tildenites of South Carolina have just added to their stock of arguments in behalf of their candidate. Three hundred of them, fully armed, entered the county jail at Edgefield, by force, last week, and carried away a quantity of arms belonging to the State militia. Look out for another massacre of Republicans.

Elsewhere we publish the official vote of Gallia County. It makes a grand showing for the Republicans. We gain 262 on our majority of 1875. We congratulate the Republicans of the several townships and wards upon their efficient work. Every man seems to have done his duty. Now for the greater and more important contest. The outlook is hopeful.

PRESIDENTIAL election occurs November 7th.

Tax Republicans of Scioto county elect their entire ticket except sheriff.

CAPT. ROSE, Republican, is elected Sheriff in Kanawha County, W. Va. He is worthy of the honor.

We hear of fraudulent Democratic votes in quite a number of townships. Six are reported in one township. It is the duty of the Grand Jury to look into these matters.

LAWRENCE county gives a Republican majority of 774, a gain of 137 over last year.

JUDGE HARPER is re-elected in the Portsmouth district.

The New York Tribune sums it all up in these words:—"The effect of the October elections may be set down as decidedly favorable to the Republicans, and in a corresponding degree dispirited to their opponents."

Among the list of pardons granted by Governor Hayes during the past two months we find this one: W. W. Gibson, shooting with intent to kill; sentenced May, 1876, for one year. Pardoned August 31, 1876, on recommendation of county officers, the jury, Judge who tried the case, lawyers and large number of good character and doubtful nature of the case against him.

Tilden, the Reformer.

The Cincinnati Enquirer is the acknowledged organ of the Ohio Democracy; the Democrats of Gallia County believe in it; receive and abide by its utterances as the only true and genuine gospel of Democracy. Should we therefore prove from the columns of the Enquirer that Samuel J. Tilden is a hypocrite, a political swindler, a public plunderer, nominated in corruption, etc., etc., it must not be charged to Republican hatred, or to mere Republican abuse. Now for the proof. A few days before the nomination of Tilden, the Enquirer said of him:

It could not but be that a man educated in cunning, in hypocrisy, in infamy, nominated in corruption and shameless effort, even though his millions could elect him, would give us the most corrupt administration the country has ever known.

Again, on the 5th of June, 1876, the Cincinnati Enquirer said of Samuel J. Tilden:

He is a hypocrite, a political swindler, has long been a public plunderer, and is really the only disreputable candidate prominently named on the Democratic side.

Again, on the same day, the Cincinnati Enquirer said of Samuel J. Tilden:

He has sought this high office by methods so unprecedentedly shameless and disreputable that it would be an everlasting stigma upon a Democratic Convention to nominate him and a reproach upon the American people to elect him if nominated.

On the 6th of June last, the Cincinnati Enquirer said:

The political jobbers, thieves and betrayers of the people are very generally in favor of Tilden.

And on the 17th of the same month:

Mr. Barlow is the champion railway "undertaker" and jobber of New York. Of course he's for Tilden—all men of his stripe are. With Tilden in the White House, men of Mr. Barlow's kidney would be very busy and prosperous. All the vicious, thieving, corrupt elements in the Democratic party are moving toward "Reform," under the banner of Sam. Tilden.

On the 6th of June, the Enquirer said:

The action of the St. Louis Convention will not change in the least the truths which we have uttered about Mr. Tilden. He can not command the vote of the Democrats of Ohio.

And among the truths was the following, which appeared in the editorial columns of the Enquirer on the 31st of May, 1876:

If the Democratic party should establish a precedent by rewarding such a "Reformer" as Tilden with a Presidential nomination, the nation would be disgraced, and the party name stained like the hand of Lady Macbeth.

This is the testimony of the Cincinnati Enquirer in regard to Samuel J. Tilden. And since the nomination, the Enquirer has testified to the truth of these utterances. Read what it said on the 9th of July—ten days after Tilden's nomination. Here it is:

Republican papers continue to copy from the Enquirer uncompromising allusions to Samuel J. Tilden previous to his nomination for President. We have repeatedly said we have nothing to take back.

"Nothing to take back," every line and word true. Can honest Democrats vote for such a man? Will the American people consent to put such a man in the Presidential chair? We will not believe they will so disgrace the Nation, in this the Centennial year of its existence.

TILDEN'S "barrel of money" was felt in the Ohio election, though not to the extent expected. The Hamilton county Democrats, says the Commercial, "got seven thousand dollars on Monday—the entire amount of Tilden's taxable income for 1863—for election day."

This confirms what the Cincinnati Enquirer said of Tilden—that he would attempt to buy his way to the White House with money. It is for the people to say whether such corrupt means shall be successful.

Congress. The following are believed to be the correct majorities for member of Congress in this district:

Jackson	423	Vance.
Gallia	502	
Lawrence	721	
Scioto	64	
Hocking	779	
Vinton	367	
	1710	1146
Neal's majority	564	

In the Democrat we have endeavored to make no assertion which we cannot prove—no statement but what is true.—Ironton Democrat.

The election of Tilden promises our country a new era of prosperity, peace, good will and happiness.—Ironton Democrat.

Tilden seeks to buy his way to the Presidential chair with money stolen from the masses of the people, and in the advocacy of doctrines which enrich the few and impoverish the many, he hopes to be elected. He is a fraud on the people and his so-called reform measure is a sham.—Ironton Democrat.

Congressmen Elected.

The Ohio delegation in the next Congress will stand twelve Republicans and eight Democrats. The following is the showing:

REPUBLICANS.	
1. Mills Gardner.	
2. J. D. Cox.	
3. J. Warren Keifer.	
4. James S. Jones.	
5. Charles Foster.	
10. Henry S. Neal.	
15. Nelson Van Vorhes.	
16. Lorenzo Danford.	
17. Wm. McKinley.	
18. James Moore.	
19. James A. Garfield.	
20. Amos Townsend.	
DEMOCRATS.	
1. Milton Saylor.	
2. Henry B. Banning.	
4. John A. McMahon.	
5. Amicus V. Rice.	
7. Henry L. Dickey.	
12. Thomas Ewing.	
13. Milton L. Southard.	
14. E. B. Finley.	

It now looks as though the next Congress will be Republican in both Houses. The Senate is already secured, and a few more gains, such as has occurred in Ohio and Indiana, will give the Republicans the House. We believe this will be done, for the people seem determined not to trust those rebel claims to a Democratic Congress. For fear of accidents, however, it is well to elect Hayes President. He will use the veto power, in case of an emergency.

The Republicans of Springfield celebrated the October victories, at Porter, Monday evening. Hons. E. A. Stone and J. W. McCormick were present, and made speeches. It was a live affair, you may be sure, as the Republicans thereabouts are an earnest, wide-awake crowd.

THE Highest Premium AT THE CENTENNIAL EXPOSITION PHILADELPHIA.

AWARDED TO THE New Howe Machine.

(COPY TELEGRAM.) NEW YORK, Sept. 28, 1876. THE HOWE MACHINE CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.

The Howe received the highest award at the Centennial Exposition.

L. S. STOCKWELL, Treasurer and Acting President.

OFFICE: Trump's Store, COURT STREET, GALLIPOLIS, OHIO.

P. H. STEVENSON, Ag't. Oct. 19, 1876.—3m

Attachment. J. J. CADOT & BRO. vs. MORRISON & OAKS.

Civil Action—Before A. Logue, J. P., Gallipolis Township, Gallia county, Ohio.

THE said defendants are hereby notified that on the 6th day of October, 1876, the said Justice issued an order of Attachment, with notice of garnishment to J. M. Kerr & Co., in the above action for the sum of \$120.00—the price and value of goods and merchandise sold and delivered.

J. J. CADOT & BRO. Assignee. Oct. 19, 1876.—3w

Notice. THE undersigned has been duly appointed by the Probate Court of Gallia county, Ohio, Assignee of the firm of T. S. & H. N. Ford, of the City of Gallipolis. All persons having claims against the assignors will present them duly authenticated immediately.

D. Y. SMITHERS, Assignee. Oct. 19, 1876.—3w

Notice. THE undersigned has been duly appointed by the Probate Court of Gallia county, Ohio, Assignee of the firm of T. S. & H. N. Ford, of the City of Gallipolis. All persons having claims against the assignors will present them duly authenticated immediately.

D. Y. SMITHERS, Assignee. Oct. 19, 1876.—3w

Dissolution. THE co-partnership heretofore existing between L. W. MAUCK and D. B. MAUCK, under the firm name of L. W. & D. B. MAUCK, of Chesire, O., is this day dissolved, by mutual consent. Persons knowing themselves indebted to the firm must settle immediately.

The business of the firm, as continued by L. W. MAUCK and D. B. MAUCK, under the firm name of MAUCK & BRADBURY.

In retiring from the firm I desire to return thanks to the citizens of Chesire and vicinity for their liberal patronage and cheerfully recommend my successors to the confidence of the public.

D. B. MAUCK. Oct. 19, 1876.—1w

Stray Horse! TAKEN up on the 15th Oct., at McCormick's Stable, in Gallipolis, a Black Horse, four feet white, blind in left eye, medium size.

W. H. MCCORMICK. Gallipolis, Oct. 19, 1876.

Apples. FIFTY BARRELS PRIME APPLES for sale. Enquire of Oct. 19, 1876.—1m] H. R. BELL.

Cow Lost. LOST from the pasture of Peter Knopp, Chesire, a deep red cow, nine or ten years old, and in good order. A liberal reward will be paid for her recovery.

LEOPOLD FRANK. Oct. 19, 1876.

UNITED STATES MARSHAL'S SALE! In the District Court of the United States for the Southern District of Ohio.

WILLIAM P. SMALL, No. 1212, vs. Steamboat "J. M. Kerr." Admalty. BY virtue of writ of Vendition expositio pendente lite issued out of the District Court of the United States, for the Southern District of Ohio, and to me directed in the above entitled cause, I will expose for sale at public outcry and sell to the highest bidder for cash, On Monday, the 30th day of October, 1876, at 11 o'clock A. M. the Steamboat "J. M. Kerr," her tackle, apparel and furniture, at or near Gallipolis, Ohio, on the Ohio River, where she now lies. W. R. THRELL, U. S. Marshal, By JAMES CAMPBELL, Deputy. Oct. 19, 1876.

Taxes.

FOR THE YEAR 1876.

Notice to the Tax-Payers of Gallia County, Ohio!

IN PURSUANCE OF LAW, I, WM. W. MARTINDALE, Treasurer of Gallia County, Ohio, hereby notify the Tax-Payers thereof, that the rate of Taxation for the year 1876 is correctly stated in the following table, showing the number of Cents levied on every Hundred Dollars of Taxable property in each of the incorporated Towns, Townships, and Separate School Districts of said County:

TOWNS, TOWNSHIPS	State Levy.	County Levy.	Township & Corporation Levy.	Total Levy.
Ohio	05 04 10 10 29	25 06 10 41	08 08 70 10	1.36
Harrison	05 04 10 10 29	25 06 10 41	10 05 05 40	1.30
Clay	05 04 10 10 29	25 06 10 41	05 35 10	1.45
Chambersburg Village	05 04 10 10 29	25 06 10 41	05 40 30	1.27
Gallipolis	05 04 10 10 29	25 06 10 41	05 02 50	2.17
City	05 04 10 10 29	25 06 10 41	10 04 01 30	1.18
Addison	05 04 10 10 29	25 06 10 41	10 02 27	1.12
Cheshire	05 04 10 10 29	25 06 10 41	10 02 30	1.15
Kyger Separate School District	05 04 10 10 29	25 06 10 41	02 25 25	1.00
Green	05 04 10 10 29	25 06 10 41	05 48 02	1.35
Springfield	05 04 10 10 29	25 06 10 41	05 33 10	1.18
Morgan	05 04 10 10 29	25 06 10 41	04 50 02	1.36
Walnut	05 04 10 10 29	25 06 10 41	05 45 04	1.33
Perry	05 04 10 10 29	25 06 10 41	05 30 04	1.24
Raccoon	05 04 10 10 29	25 06 10 41	05 40 10	1.15
Centerville School District	05 04 10 10 29	25 06 10 41	05 40 10	1.15
Huntington	05 04 10 10 29	25 06 10 41	07 70 10	1.47
Vinton School District	05 04 10 10 29	25 06 10 41	06 50 10	1.26
Greenfield	05 04 10 10 29	25 06 10 41	06 50 10	1.16
Guyan	05 04 10 10 29	25 06 10 41		
Crown City School District	05 04 10 10 29	25 06 10 41		

The undersigned will attend at his office in the City of Gallipolis until the 20th day of December, 1876, to receive Taxes, after which all Taxes remaining unpaid will be subject to a penalty of 20 per cent.

Any person charged with Taxes on the Duplicate of the County may, at his option, pay the full amount of such Taxes on or before the 20th of December next; but is required by law to pay one-half of the Tax, including all Road Tax, and all former Delinquent Tax on or before the 20th of December next, and the remaining half on or before the 20th day of June, 1877.

A failure to pay one-half the Taxes on Personal Property on or before the 20th day of December, 1876, renders the whole due and subject to collection as in case of Delinquent Taxes.

Under an act passed April 16, 1874, the Treasurer of the County is authorized to bring suit before any Justice of the Peace against any person charged with Delinquent Taxes and the judgment debtor shall not be entitled to the benefit of the laws for stay of execution, or exempting homesteads or any other property from levy and sale on execution.

Tax-Payers residing in Townships where there has been a Road Tax levied must present their receipts for Road Tax worked out when paying December taxes or the same will be total loss.

Office open from 8 A. M. to 4 P. M.

WM. W. MARTINDALE, Treasurer G. Co.

PROCLAMATION.

ELECTION OF ELECTORS

FOR

President and Vice President

OF THE

UNITED STATES.

SHERIFF'S

PROCLAMATION

SHERIFF'S OFFICE, GALLIA COUNTY, OHIO, October 18, 1876.

To the Voters of Gallia County, Ohio:

WHEREAS, By the Laws of Ohio regulating elections, it is required of the Sheriff of his county to give notice before the time of holding a general election by proclamation throughout the county, of the time on which such election shall be held:

Now, therefore, in pursuance of such regulation, I, CHARLES STUART, Sheriff of Gallia county, do proclaim and make known that the

FIRST TUESDAY OF NOVEMBER, 1876,

(Being the 7th day of said Month),

is by the Constitution and Laws of the United States appointed the day on which the qualified electors of Gallia county are notified to meet in their respective townships and wards, at their usual or proper places designated for holding elections, between the hours of 6 o'clock in the forenoon and 6 o'clock in the afternoon of said day; and then and there proceed to vote by ballot for Electors of President and Vice President of the United States of America, for the State of Ohio, as follows:

One Elector for the 1st Cong'l District. One Elector for the 11th " One Elector for the 14th " One Elector for the 15th " One Elector for the 16th " One Elector for the 17th " One Elector for the 18th " One Elector for the 19th " One Elector for the 20th " One Elector for the 21st " One Elector for the 22nd " One Elector for the 23rd " One Elector for the 24th " One Elector for the 25th " One Elector for the 26th " One Elector for the 27th " One Elector for the 28th " One Elector for the 29th " One Elector for the 30th " One Elector for the 31st " One Elector for the 32nd " One Elector for the 33rd " One Elector for the 34th " One Elector for the 35th " One Elector for the 36th " One Elector for the 37th " One Elector for the 38th " One Elector for the 39th " One Elector for the 40th " One Elector for the 41st " One Elector for the 42nd " One Elector for the 43rd " One Elector for the 44th " One Elector for the 45th " One Elector for the 46th " One Elector for the 47th " One Elector for the 48th " One Elector for the 49th " One Elector for the 50th " One Elector for the 51st " One Elector for the 52nd " One Elector for the 53rd " One Elector for the 54th " One Elector for the 55th " One Elector for the 56th " One Elector for the 57th " One Elector for the 58th " One Elector for the 59th " One Elector for the 60th " One Elector for the 61st " One Elector for the 62nd " One Elector for the 63rd " One Elector for the 64th " One Elector for the 65th " One Elector for the 66th " One Elector for the 67th " One Elector for the 68th " One Elector for the 69th " One Elector for the 70th " One Elector for the 71st " One Elector for the 72nd " One Elector for the 73rd " One Elector for the 74th " One Elector for the 7